Drunk with Power: Industry Kills Alcohol Mitigation Fees in California in 2010



Executive Summary

The alcohol industry continued its ever-present dominance at all levels of California politics in 2010, spending 5 million dollars on campaign donations; lobbying state and local lawmakers; and contributing to political action committees in support of state initiative Proposition 26.

2010 Summary of Alcohol Industry Political Spending	
	Amount
Support for Proposition 26	\$2,110,209
State Senate and Assembly Campaigns	\$1,572,939
Lobbying Firms – State	\$1,307,771
Lobbying Firms – San Francisco	\$10,000
Total	\$5,000,919

Big Alcohol was triumphant in 2010: Its \$5 million investment in political spending helped the industry avoid coughing up \$1.4 billion, just a small part of the costs due to alcohol-related harm California faces each year. Ultimately, California youth, communities, and government agencies continue to shoulder the sizeable burden of harmful costs and consequences from alcohol use, with ever-decreasing resources to adequately address the harm.

<u>Drunk with Power: Industry Kills Alcohol Mitigation Fees in California in 2010</u>

Despite significant efforts on both state and local levels to enact alcohol mitigation fees in California last year, the alcohol industry's substantive donations to policymakers paid off in their favor. In all, alcohol producers, distributors, and trade groups spent nearly \$3 million in California in 2010 on political donations and lobbying. What they got in return included defeats to major state and local public health proposals: California Assembly Bills to establish a state alcohol mitigation fee, and the San Francisco Alcohol Cost Recovery Fee. Alcohol lobbyists also focused on at least 49 state-level bills covering issues such as alcohol taxes, fee programs, alcohol licenses, and inter-state shipping of wine.

Finally, the alcohol industry closed out the year by joining the California Chamber of Commerce and oil, gas, and tobacco conglomerates to sponsor the Proposition 26 campaign, to the tune of more than \$2 million. The industry injects millions of dollars into the pockets of politicians each year to combat efforts to establish alcohol mitigation fees. In 2010, California saw even more of the same.

Campaign Contributions

Incumbent Senators and Assembly Members in California accepted a total of \$1,572,939 in contributions from the alcohol industry in 2010. Southern Wine and Spirits Association, Anheuser-Busch InBev, California Beer and Beverage Distributors, Wine Institute, and Young's Market Distributors were the largest contributors. In addition, Altria Services, the umbrella corporate owner of St. Michelle Winery and Philip Morris USA Inc. (owner of a 27.5% stake in SABMiller), contributed \$200,600.

2010 Alcohol Contributors to Senate and Assembly Campaigns		
Company or Trade Organization	Contributions Made	
Southern Wine & Spirits Association	\$270,205	
Anheuser-Busch InBev	\$253,874	
California Beer & Beverage Distributors	\$176,695	
Wine Institute	\$173,169	
Young's Market Distributors	\$146,750	
E&J Gallo Winery	\$121,791	
Diageo	\$100,210	
MillerCoors	\$73,655	
Small wineries and vineyards, consulting agencies, management firms, and other wine-related companies	\$48,100	
California Association of Winegrape Growers	\$43,659	
Distilled Spirits Council of the U.S.	\$42,963	
Family Winemakers of California	\$26,102	
Constellation Brands	\$27,339	

2010 Contributors to Senate and Assembly Campaigns (continued) **Company or Trade Organization** Contributions Made Ketel One/Nolet Spirits \$17,350 Markstein Beverage \$16,402 Bronco Winery/Fred Franzia/John Franzia Jr. \$12,600 Heineken \$8,000 Allied Beverages Inc. \$5.200 Brown-Forman \$3,000 Allied Grape Growers of California \$1,750 Bacardi \$1,500 Pacific Beverage \$1,500

The five state Senators who accepted the most in alcohol contributions received \$286,812 in total. The five Assembly Members who accepted the most alcohol donations received a total of \$223,815.

2010 Campaign Contributions from Alcohol Companies		
Senators	Contributions Accepted	
Darrell Steinberg (D-Sacramento)	\$96,500	
Sam Blakeslee (R-San Luis Obispo)*	\$60,600	
Alex Padilla (D-Pacoima)	\$53,645	
Bill Emmerson (R-Hemet)*	\$39,200	
Gloria Negrete McLeod (D-Chino)	\$36,867	
Assembly Members	Contributions Accepted	
Michael Villines (R-Clovis)	\$47,970	
Kevin de Leon (D-Los Angeles)	\$47,796	
Isadore Hall (D-Los Angeles)	\$47,672	
Noreen Evans (D-Santa Rosa)	\$42,177	
Felipe Fuentes (D-Los Angeles)	\$38,200	

^{*}Blakeslee and Emmerson were elected State Senators in special elections in 2010, after serving as Assembly Members from 2004-2010.

Several California legislators did not accept or receive campaign contributions from alcohol corporations or trade groups in 2010. Senators Elaine Alquist (D-Santa Clara),

Kendall Jackson Family Wine

Total

\$1,125

\$1,572,939

Mark Leno (D-San Francisco), Alan Lowenthal (D-Long Beach), Gloria Romero (D-Los Angeles); and Assembly Members Juan Arambula (I-Fresno), Jim Beall (D-San Jose), Julia Brownley (D-Santa Monica), Mike Davis (D-Los Angeles), Chuck DeVore (R-Irvine), Lori Saldana (D-San Diego), Tom Torlakson (D-Martinez) and Mariko Yamada (D-Davis) did not report any contributions from alcohol industry members.

Lobbying at the State Level

Many of the alcohol producers, distributors, and related organizations that contributed large amounts to state election campaigns also paid significant amounts to lobbying firms to support industry interests. Big Alcohol spent more than \$1.3 million to lobby state government on at least 49 proposed bills in 2010. Alcohol lobbyists focused on issues such as alcohol taxes, fee programs, alcohol licenses, and inter-state shipping of wine. Other issues included energy efficiency metering, pesticides in school zones, water delivery, and solid waste management.

Five alcohol corporations paid \$830,061 for lobbying services in 2010, more than half of the industry's total lobbying expenditures. Tobacco conglomerate Altria Services spent an additional \$510,158.

Alcohol Lobbyist Employers – 2010 Expenditures		
Alcohol Entity	Lobbying Amounts	
Diageo	\$220,061	
Anheuser-Busch InBev	\$165,000	
MillerCoors	\$165,000	
Wine Institute	\$142,000	
Wine and Spirits Wholesalers of America	\$138,000	
California Beer and Beverage Distributors	\$96,000	
Distilled Spirits Council of the U.S.	\$87,600	
California Association of Winegrape Growers	\$79,683	
Family Winemakers of California	\$72,195	
Young's Market Distributors	\$53,000	
Southern Wine and Spirits Association	\$52,948	
Heineken	\$36,284	
Total	\$1,307,771	

Charge for Harm Efforts at the State Level

State and county government agencies in California face an estimated \$8 billion in total annual costs due to alcohol consumption and related harm (violence and crime, illness, physical injury, and death). Mitigation fee programs, also known as "charge for harm" programs, can recover a portion of the alcohol-related costs, with revenue earmarked specifically for alcohol-related medical, criminal justice, law enforcement, emergency, treatment, and prevention service programs.

Mitigation fee programs are regarded as reasonable public health and safety measures, and many states already charge for alcohol-related harm.² The majority of California residents (85%) support a nickel a drink tax.³ Despite the widespread public support for such measures, the alcohol industry vehemently opposes them, asserting that they threaten corporate profits.

In February 2009, Assembly Member Jim Beall (D-San Jose) introduced Assembly Bill (AB) 1019 to establish an alcoholic beverage surcharge that would direct revenue to the Alcohol-Related Services Program. This bill proposed to assess the equivalent of 10 cents per drink on alcohol producers and wholesalers to pay for alcohol-related trauma care, hospitalization, treatment, prevention, and criminal justice costs. AB 1019 would have raised \$1.4 billion (3.6%) of the \$38 billion in annual costs due to alcohol-related harm in California.

Nearly a year later, the Assembly Health Committee killed AB 1019 by a vote of 5 to 8, with five members of the committee abstaining and six members absent. In an attempt to keep the issue alive, Assembly Member Beall introduced Assembly Bill 1694, a mitigation fee of 5 cents per drink, soon after AB 1019's defeat. Unlike the previous bill, which included small wineries, AB 1694 exempted 79% of all wineries in the state.

Despite the major exemption for wineries and the reduced fee amount, in March 2010 the Assembly Health Committee struck down AB 1694 with another vote of 5 to 8, with six members abstaining. The Assembly Members who were absent or abstained from voting on AB 1019 did the same for AB 1694. This included V. Manuel Perez (D-Cathedral City), Hector de la Torre (D-South Gate), Wilmer Amina Carter (D-Rialto), Pedro Nava (D-Santa Barbara), Mike Eng (D-Monterey Park), and Mary Salas (D-Chula Vista). These lawmakers accepted a total of \$42,700 in contributions from the alcohol industry that year.

The motive for legislators "taking a walk" or "taking a pass" on voting a bill up or down is two-fold: to protect their voting records so as to avoid political repercussions of their vote, and to maintain friendly relations with corporations that contribute to political fundraising efforts. Regardless of these committee members' rationale for not voting, their silent treatment effectively killed AB 1019 and AB 1694.

While both bills made their way to their ultimate demise, the alcohol industry poured plenty of funding into lawmakers' coffers. Alcohol companies and trade organizations contributed a total of \$382,598 to members of the Assembly Health Committee in 2010. The deviation in this picture is Kevin deLeon (D-Los Angeles), who accepted \$47,796 in alcohol contributions but voted in favor of both bills.

When the Alcohol-Related Services Program was not incorporated into the state general budget after AB 1694 died, the issue of mitigation fee programs at the state level slowed to a halt. By failing to pass either of the alcohol mitigation fee bills,

California lawmakers turned away an opportunity to generate substantial funding for critical services to address alcohol-related harm in the state each year.⁴

2010 Alcohol Industry Contributions to Assembly Health Committee Members

Assembly Member	Contributions Accepted	AB 1019 Vote	AB 1694 Vote
Kevin de Leon (D-Los Angeles)	\$47,796	Yes	Yes
Isadore Hall (D-Los Angeles)*	\$47,672	No	-
Bill Emmerson (R-Hemet) ⁺	\$39,200	No	No
Felipe Fuentes (D-Los Angeles)*	\$38,200	No	-
Ted Gaines (R-Roseville)	\$30,061	No	No
Connie Conway (R-Visalia)	\$25,650	No	No
Nathan Fletcher (R-San Diego), Vice Chair	\$22,050	Absent	-
V. Manuel Perez (D-Cathedral City)	\$20,900	Abstain	Abstain
Cameron Smyth (R-Santa Clarita)	\$18,300	Absent	No
Ed Hernandez (D-Baldwin Park)	\$17,500	Absent	No

\$17,119

\$10,500

\$10,100

\$8,600

\$7,900

\$6,500

\$3,750

\$3,000

\$2,500

\$1,300

\$1,000

\$1,000

\$1,000

\$1,000

No

Yes

No

Abstain

Absent

Yes

Abstain

Abstain

No

Absent

Yes

Yes

Abstain

Absent

No

No

Abstain

Abstain

Yes

Abstain

No

Abstain

Yes

Yes

Abstain

Yes

Mary Hayashi (D-Hayward)

Nancy Skinner (D-Berkeley)*

Anthony Adams (R-Hesperia)*

Wilmer Amina Carter (D-Rialto)

Pedro Nava (D-Santa Barbara)

Audra Strickland (R-Camarillo)

Tom Ammiano (D-San Francisco)

Bonnie Lowenthal (D-Long Beach)

William Monning (D-Santa Cruz), Chair

Mike Eng (D-Monterey Park)

Mary Salas (D-Chula Vista)

Dave Jones (D-Sacramento)

Marty Block (D-San Diego)*

Hector de la Torre (D-South Gate)

^{*}Indicates substitution/not an incumbent member of the Assembly Health Committee for the 2009-2010 legislative session.

⁺Emmerson was elected State Senator in a June 2010 special election after serving as an Assembly Member from 2004-2010.

Local Charge for Harm Efforts

The alcohol industry's fight to prioritize corporate revenue over public health on the state level also emerged at the local level. In June 2010, San Francisco Supervisor John Avalos introduced the Alcohol Cost Recovery Fee ordinance. The measure proposed a fee of 3 to 5 cents per drink in San Francisco, which translated to \$16 million in revenue for city-funded programs directly related to costs associated with alcohol treatment, prevention, medical transport, and hospitalization. The fee would mitigate some of the \$18.1 million in alcohol-attributable costs that the city and county of San Francisco face every year.

The alcohol industry focused its attention on lobbying at the local level instead of campaign contributions. Five alcohol entities—Beer Institute, Wine Institute, Distilled Spirits Council of the U.S., California Beer and Beverage Distributors, and Wine and Spirits Wholesalers of America—listed Platinum Advisors as their lobbying firm. Surprisingly, no payments were reported received by Platinum Advisors during the calendar year. A Platinum Advisors lobbyist reported contacting Supervisor John Avalos, the legislation's sponsor, regarding the alcohol cost recovery fee on six occasions.

In addition to Platinum Advisors, a Barbary Coast Consulting lobbyist representing the California Music and Culture Association (CMCA) reported meeting with Supervisors Carmen Chu, Bevan Dufty, and Ross Mirkarimi one time each between July and August 2010 to discuss the alcohol fee. During that period, Barbary Coast Consulting received a total of \$10,000 from the CMCA. Also during that time frame, supervisors experienced intensive grassroots and direct lobbying pressure from former donors in their business districts including taverns, restaurants and hospitality industry leaders. No details of these efforts or their expenditures were available from the San Francisco Ethics Commission's database.

Even with these lobbying efforts taking place, the San Francisco Board of Supervisors passed the Alcohol Cost Recovery Fee ordinance in September 2010, by a vote of 6-3. The victory for public health and safety was short-lived, however, as Mayor Gavin Newsom quickly vetoed the measure hours after its passage. Without the eight votes needed to override a mayoral vote, the proposal was killed.

Much like Supervisor Michela Alioto-Pier, who has a wholesale alcohol license, Mayor Newsom is firmly entrenched in the alcohol industry. Newsom has been actively involved in the industry since 1992 when he founded the PlumpJack Group, a hospitality company that owns a range of luxury resorts, restaurants and bars, and wineries throughout Northern California. He is not only the president of Airelle Wines Inc. and a partner of Villa Encinal Partners LP, the enterprises behind the PlumpJack and CADE wineries in Napa Valley, but he is also a shareholder who contributed over \$1 million to each venture. He receives at least \$200,000 in income from the wineries annually. His personal stake in protecting alcohol-related investments, coupled with his upcoming bid for Lieutenant Governor in November, led Newsom to put big business and alcohol interests before the health and safety of San Francisco residents.

Alcohol Industry Lobbying – San Francisco 2010		
Supervisor	Vote	Reported Lobbyist Visits
John Avalos	Yes	6
David Chiu	Yes	0
Chris Daly	Yes	0
Eric Mar	Yes	0
Sophie Maxwell	Yes	0
Ross Mirkarimi	Yes	1
Carmen Chu	No	1
Bevan Dufty	No	1
Sean Elsbernd	No	0
Michela Alioto-Pier	Excused	0
David Campos	Excused	0

Proposition 26

In May 2010, shortly after the AB 1694 defeat, the California Chamber of Commerce and California Taxpayers' Association announced the "Stop Hidden Taxes" initiative, and Proposition 26 soon qualified as a ballot measure for the November elections. The ballot measure was designed to protect corporations from fees used to mitigate harmful environmental and social impacts, and necessitated that regulatory state and local fees be approved by a supermajority (2/3) vote as opposed to a simple majority (51%). Proposition 26 passed in November by a slim margin of 52.5% supporting to 47.5% opposing.

Along with alcohol, oil and gas, food and beverage, and tobacco were some of the biggest industry contributors to the Proposition 26 campaign. Philip Morris USA Inc., for example, contributed \$2,250,000 in support of Proposition 26. Alcohol conglomerates such as Anheuser-Busch InBev contributed directly to both the Stop Hidden Taxes and the Small Business Action political action committees. In total, alcohol corporations and trade groups contributed \$2,110,209 to support the measure.

Of the alcohol companies that contributed, Anheuser-Busch InBev, the Wine Institute, MillerCoors, Crown Imports, and California Beer and Beverage Distributors contributed the largest amounts, totaling \$1,886,093.

Top 5 Big Alcohol Contributors in Support of Proposition 26		
Alcohol Company or Trade Organization	Contributions Made	
Anheuser-Busch InBev	\$925,000	
Wine Institute	\$381,093	
MillerCoors	\$350,000	
Crown Imports LLC	\$130,000	
California Beer and Beverage Distributors	\$100,000	
Total	\$1,886,093	

Conclusion

The alcohol industry continued its ever-present dominance at all levels of California politics in 2010, spending \$5,000,919 on campaign donations; lobbying state and local lawmakers; and contributions to political action committees in support of Proposition 26. Big Alcohol was triumphant in its results: Its \$5 million investment in political donations helped the industry avoid coughing up \$1.4 billion, just a small part of the costs due to alcohol-related harm California faces each year. Ultimately, California youth, communities, and government agencies continue to shoulder the sizeable burden of harmful costs and consequences from alcohol use, with ever-decreasing resources to adequately address the harm.

Methodology

Alcohol industry donations to state Senate and Assembly campaigns and lobbying firms, along with contributions to support Proposition 26, were compiled from the Secretary of State's Cal-Access database. Bill information and voting records were obtained from the California State Legislative Counsel's LegInfo website. San Francisco lobbying firms and lobbyist employers statements were obtained from the San Francisco Ethics Commission Lobbyist Public site and the Public Portal for Campaign Finance, Lobbyist and Campaign Consultant Disclosure database. All 13, 14

This report was prepared by Tiffany Tan and Sarah Mart, with assistance from Bruce Lee Livingston.

October 3, 2011

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² Alcohol Justice (formerly Marin Institute). States that Charge for Harm. 2009. Available at: http://www.alcoholjustice.org/images/stories/pdfs/states that charge for harm.pdf. Accessed June 1, 2011.

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¹¹ Cal-Access, Lobbying Activity, Available at: http://www.cal-access.ss.ca.gov/Lobbying, Accessed May 25, 2011.

¹² Official California Legislative Information. Available at: http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/. Accessed June 1, 2011.

¹³ San Francisco Ethics Commission. Lobbyist Public Site. Available at: http://www.sfethics.org/ethics/2009/05/lobbyists-1.html. Accessed June 10, 2011.

¹⁴ San Francisco Ethics Commission. City and County of San Francisco Public Portal for Campaign Finance, Lobbyist and Campaign Consultant Disclosure. Available at: http://nf4.netfile.com/pub2/?aid=sfo. Accessed June 10, 2011.

<u>Appendix</u>

Contributions From Alcohol Companies to California Legislators		
Senator	Contributions Accepted	
Darrell Steinberg (D-Sacramento)	\$96,500	
Sam Blakeslee (R-San Luis Obispo)	\$60,600	
Alex Padilla (D-Pacoima)	\$53,645	
Bill Emmerson (R-Hemet)	\$39,200	
Gloria Negrete McLeod (D-Chino)	\$36,867	
Roderick Wright (D-Los Angeles)	\$36,350	
Mimi Walters (R-Laguna Niguel)	\$33,400	
Dean Florez (D-Shafter)	\$33,200	
Mark Wyland (R-Escondido)	\$30,100	
Jeff Denham (R-Merced)	\$25,050	
Tom Harman (R-Huntington Beach)	\$22,600	
Lou Correa (D-Santa Ana)	\$21,800	
Tony Strickland (R-Thousand Oaks)	\$21,300	
Dennis Hollingsworth (R-Murrieta)	\$20,835	
Ronald Calderon (D-Montebello)	\$19,279	
Bob Dutton (R-Inland Empire)	\$17,751	
George Runner (R-Antelope Valley)	\$15,200	
Bob Huff (R-Diamond Bar)	\$13,400	
Jenny Oropeza (D-Long Beach)	\$13,000	
Patricia Wiggins (D-Santa Rosa)	\$11,250	
Curren Price (D-Los Angeles)	\$10,900	
Leland Yee (D-San Francisco)	\$10,800	
Dave Cogdill (R-Fresno)	\$8,150	
Denise Moreno Ducheny (D-San Diego)	\$6,126	
Sam Aanestad (R-Grass Valley)	\$5,500	
Lois Wolk (D-Davis)	\$4,900	
Roy Ashburn (R-Bakersfield)	\$3,500	
Gil Cedillo (D-Los Angeles)	\$2,200	
Ellen Corbett (D-San Leandro)	\$2,000	
Carol Liu (D-Pasadena)	\$2,000	
Christine Kehoe (D-San Diego)	\$1,500	
Mark De Saulnier (D-Concord)	\$1,000	
Loni Hancock (D-Berkeley)	\$1,000	
Fran Pavley (D-Agoura Hills)	\$1,000	
Joe Simitian (D-Palo Alto)	\$1,000	

Contributions From Alcohol Companies to California Legislators (continued)		
Senator	Contributions Accepted	
Elaine Alquist (D-Santa Clara)	\$0	
Mark Leno (D-San Francisco)	\$0	
Alan Lowenthal (D-Long Beach)	\$0	
Gloria Romero (D-Los Angeles)	\$0	
Assembly Member	Contributions Accepted	
Michael Villines (R-Clovis)	\$47,970	
Kevin de Leon (D-Los Angeles)	\$47,796	
Isadore Hall (D-Los Angeles)	\$47,672	
Noreen Evans (D-Santa Rosa)	\$42,177	
Felipe Fuentes (D-Los Angeles)	\$38,200	
Martin Garrick (R-Carlsbad)	\$37,813	
Joel Anderson (R-La Mesa)	\$37,742	
Wesley Chesbro (D-Eureka)	\$35,336	
Joe Coto (D-San Jose)	\$33,300	
Tom Berryhill (R-Modesto)	\$32,169	
Ted Gaines (R-Roseville)	\$30,061	
Anthony Portantino (D-Pasadena)	\$27,100	
Alberto Torrico (D-Fremont)	\$26,005	
Jim Silva (R-Huntington Beach)	\$25,800	
Connie Conway (R-Visalia)	\$25,650	
John Perez (D-Los Angeles)	\$25,300	
Cathleen Galgiani (D-Tracy)	\$23,050	
Nathan Fletcher (R-San Diego)	\$22,050	
Paul Cook (R-Yucaipa)	\$21,394	
V. Manuel Perez (D-Cathedral City)	\$20,900	
Fiona Ma (D-San Francisco)	\$20,719	
Charles Calderon (D-Whittier)	\$19,568	
Tony Mendoza (D-Artesia)	\$19,000	
Curt Hagman (R-Diamond Bar)	\$18,900	
Bill Berryhill (R-Stockton)	\$18,638	
Cameron Smyth (R-Santa Clarita)	\$18,300	
Roger Niello (R-Sacramento)	\$18,300	
Jean Fuller (R-Bakersfield)	\$17,950	
Ed Hernandez (D-Baldwin Park)	\$17,500	

Contributions From Alcohol Companies to California Legislators (continued)

Assembly Member	Contributions Accepted
Jim Nielsen (R-Biggs)	\$17,290
Mary Hayashi (D-Hayward)	\$17,119
Jared Huffman (D-San Rafael)	\$15,830
Diane Harkey (R-Laguna Niguel)	\$13,800
Robert Blumenfield (D-Van Nuys)	\$12,803
Alyson Huber (D-Lodi)	\$11,500
Kevin Jeffries (R-Riverside)	\$11,000
Jerry Hill (D-South San Francisco)	\$10,900
Jose Solorio (D-Santa Ana)	\$10,800
Jeff Miller (R-Orange)	\$10,800
Nancy Skinner (D-Berkeley)	\$10,500
Dan Logue (R-Chico)	\$10,300
Anthony Adams (R-Hesperia)	\$10,100
Ted Lieu (D-Torrance)	\$10,000
Stephen Knight (R-Lancaster)	\$8,800
Hector de la Torre (D-South Gate)	\$8,600
Chris Norby (R-Brea)	\$7,900
Wilmer Amina Carter (D-Rialto)	\$7,900
Ira Ruskin (D-Redwood City)	\$7,250
Mike Gatto (D-Los Angeles)	\$6,875
Dave Jones (D-Sacramento)	\$6,500
Brian Nestande (R-Palm Desert)	\$6,000
Anna Marie Caballero (D-Salinas)	\$4,807
Danny Gilmore (R-Hanford)	\$4,000
Marty Block (D-San Diego)	\$3,750
Pedro Nava (D-Santa Barbara)	\$3,000
Audra Strickland (R-Camarillo)	\$2,500
Van Tran (R-Costa Mesa)	\$2,000
Joan Buchanan (D-San Ramon)	\$2,000
Mike Eng (D-Monterey Park)	\$1,300
Sandre Swanson (D-Oakland)	\$1,000
Mary Salas (D-Chula Vista)	\$1,000
William Monning (D-Santa Cruz)	\$1,000
Bonnie Lowenthal (D-Long Beach)	\$1,000
Warren Furutani (D-Long Beach)	\$1,000
Paul Fong (D-Mountain View)	\$1,000

Contributions From Alcohol Companies to California Legislators (continued)

Assembly Member	Contributions Accepted
Mike Feuer (D-Los Angeles)	\$1,000
Tom Ammiano (D-San Francisco)	\$1,000
Norma Torres (D-Pomona)	\$750
Karen Bass (D-Los Angeles)	\$500
Juan Arambula (I-Fresno)	\$0
Jim Beall (D-San Jose)	\$0
Julia Brownley (D-Santa Monica)	\$0
Mike Davis (D-Los Angeles)	\$0
Chuck DeVore (R-Irvine)	\$0
Lori Saldana (D-San Diego)	\$0
Tom Torlakson (D-Martinez)	\$0
Mariko Yamada (D-Davis)	\$0

2010 Alcohol Contributions in Support of Proposition 26 **Company or Trade Organization Contributions Made** Anheuser-Busch InBev \$925.000 Wine Institute \$381,093 MillerCoors \$350,000 Crown Imports LLC \$130,000 California Beer and Beverage Distributors \$100,000 E & J Gallo Winery \$75,000 Brown-Forman \$35,000 Diageo \$25,000 Distilled Spirits Council of the U.S. \$20,000 Family Winemakers of California \$10,000 Lagunitas Brewing Company \$10,000 Stone Brewing Company \$10,000 The Wine Group \$9,500 Mark Anthony Brands \$9.250 **Anchor Brewing Company** \$5,000 Sierra Nevada Brewing Company \$5,000 Russian River Brewing Company \$4,000 Firestone Walker Brewing Company \$3,500 Allied Grape Growers \$500 Lost Coast Brewery \$500 North Coast Brewing Company \$500 Port Brewing Company and the Lost Abbey \$500 Triple Rock Brewing Company \$333 Drake's Brewing Company \$333 Rubicon Brewing Company \$200 Total \$2,110,209



Vision

Alcohol Justice envisions healthy communities free of the alcohol industry's negative impact.

Mission

Alcohol Justice, the industry watchdog, promotes evidence-based public health policies and organizes campaigns with diverse communities and youth against the alcohol industry's harmful practice.

Board Members

Linda Barry Dunn, MPP

Catherine Condon, MPH

Trent Cutler

Ericka O. Erickson, MPA

David Escobar, MA

Captain John Hanley

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